Invention of the Seven-Day Week, Lecture 3

How does the Torah's description of the first Shabbat observed by Israel fit in the larger narrative of the Exodus and the theological doubts that Israel expresses?

Source 1: Pay Attention! Shabbat/Week is a Divine Gift!

Exodus 16:28-30

(28) And the Lord said to Moses, "How long will you all refuse to obey My commandments and My teachings? (29) Observe that it is the Lord who is giving the sabbath/week to/for you, that is why He is giving you two days' food on the sixth day. You (all) must sit, each man, under it! No man should leave his place on the seventh day." (30) And the people sabbathed on the seventh day.

שמות ט"ז:כ"ח-לי

(כח) וַיָּאמֶר יהוה אֶל־מֹשֶׁה עַד־אָּנָה מֵאַנְּהֶּם לִשְׁמֶר מִצְוֹתַי וְתוֹרתִיּ (כֹט) רְאֹּו **כִּי־יהוה נְתַּן** לָבֶם הַשַּׁבָּת עַל־בֵּן הָוֹא נֹתֵן לָכֶם בִּיּוֹם הַשִּׁשִּׁי לֶחֶם יוֹמֵיִם שְׁבָּוּ ו אִישׁ תַּחְהָּיוֹ אַל־יֵנְצֵא אִישׁ מִמְּקֹמָוֹ בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי (ל) וַיִּשְׁבְּתוּ הָעָם בַּיִּוֹם הַשְּבִעִי

Source 2: A mysterious treasure from the king's treasury

מדרש לקח טוב, שמות ט"ז:כ"ט:ב'

כי הי נתן לכם השבת. (קכו) אמר לו הקב"ה למשה, משה מתנה טובה יש לי בבית גנזי ושבת שמה ואני מבקש ליתנה לישראל לך והודיעם.

Midrash Lekah Tov on Exodus 16:29

"For God has given you the Shabbat." The Holy One Blessed Be He said to Moses, "Moses! I have a good gift in my treasure house, whose name is Shabbat. I'd like to give it to the children of Israel. Go and tell them!"

Source 3: "Sitting under it" as "Taste of the World to Come"

Micah 4:1-5 מיכה ד':א'-ה'

(1) In the days to come, The Mount of the LORD's House shall stand Firm above the mountains; And it shall tower above the hills. The peoples shall gaze on it with joy, (2) And the many nations shall go and shall say: "Come, Let us go up to the Mount of the LORD, To the House of the God of Jacob; That He may instruct us in His ways, And that we may walk in His paths." For instruction shall come forth from Zion, The word of the LORD from Jerusalem. (3) Thus He will judge among the many peoples, And arbitrate for the multitude of nations, However distant; And they shall beat their swords into plowshares And their spears into pruning hooks. Nation shall not take up Sword against nation; They shall never again know war; (4) **But every** man shall sit under his grapevine or fig tree With no one to disturb him. For it was the LORD of Hosts who spoke. (5) Though all the peoples walk Each in the names of its gods, We will walk In the name of the LORD our God Forever and ever.

(א) וְהָיָה וּ בְּאַחֲרִית הַיָּמִים יִּהְיֶּה הַר בֵּית־יהוה

נְכוֹן בְּרָאשׁ הָהָרִים וְנִשָּׂא הָוֹא מִגְּבָעְוֹת וְנְחֲרָוּ

עָלָיו עַמִּים ּ (ב) וְהָלְכוּ גּוֹיָם רַבִּים וְאָמְרוּ לְכָּוּ וּ

וְנַצֵלֶה אֶלֹּהַי יִצְקֶּב

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וְנַצֵלֶה אֶלֹּהַי וְנַלְכָה בְּאֹרְחֹתֵיו כָּי מִצִּיוֹן תַּצֵא

תוֹלָה וּדְבַר־יהוה מִירוּשָׁלֵם ּ (ג) וְשָׁכַּט בֵּין

עִמְים רַבִּים וְהוֹכֵיח לְגוֹיִם עֲצִמָים עַד־רְחֻוֹק

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לְמַוְמֵלוֹת לְא־יִשְׁאוֹ גְּוֹי אֶלֹ־גּוֹי הֶּנֶב וְלֹא־יִלְמְדָוּן

עְוֹר מִלְחָמָה (ד) וְיִשְׁבוֹּ אִישׁ בְּעָם אֶלֹהֵיו

(ה) כִּי כָּל־הָעִמִּים יֵלְכוּ אִישׁ בְּשֵׁם אֱלֹהֵיו

(ה) כִּי כָּל־הָעִמִּים יֵלְכוּ אִישׁ בְּשֵׁם אֱלֹהֵיוּ (פּּ

Source 4: "Sitting under it" as rare moment of perfect monarchy, even in this world

I Kings 5:1-5

מלכים א הי:אי-הי

(1) Solomon's rule extended over all the kingdoms from the Euphrates to the land of the Philistines and the boundary of Egypt. They brought Solomon tribute and were subject to him all his life. (2) Solomon's daily provisions consisted of 30 kors of semolina, and 60 *kor*s of [ordinary] flour, (3) 10 fattened oxen, 20 pasture-fed oxen, and 100 sheep and goats, besides deer and gazelles, roebucks and fatted geese. a (4) For he controlled the whole region west of the Euphrates—all the kings west of the Euphrates, from Tiphsah to Gaza—and he had peace on all his borders round about. (5) All the days of Solomon, Judah and Israel from Dan to Beer-sheba dwelt in safety, everyone under his own vine and under his own fig tree.

(א) וּשְׁלֹמֹה הָיָה מוֹשֵׁל בְּכָל־הַמַּמְלָלוֹת מִן־הַנָּהָר ֹ אֲרֶץ פְּלִשְׁתִּים וְעַד גְּבָוּל מִצְרֵיִם מַגּשִׁים מִנְחָה וְעֹבְדִים אֶת־שְׁלֹמָה כְּלֹיְמֵי חַיִּיוּ (פ) (ב) וַיְהָי לֵחֶם־שְׁלֹמָה לְיִוֹם אָחָד שְׁלֹשִׁים כֹּר סֹׁלֶת וְשִׁשִׁים כָּר קַמַח. (ג) עֲשְׂרָה בָלֵר בְּרָאִים וְעָשְׂרִים בָּקֶר רְעִי וּמֵאָה צֵּאו לְּבַּד מַאַיְל וּצְבִי וְיִחְמֹּוּר וּבַרְבָּרִים אֲבוּסִים. (ד) מְעַד־עַּוָּה בְּכָל־מֵלְכֵי עֵבֶר הַנָּהָר וְשִׁלוֹם הָיָה לְוֹ וְעַד־בָּאֵר שֲבָע כִּל יִמִי שְׁלֹמֹה: {סֹ לְבָּטַח אִישׁ מְּחַת גַּפְנוֹ וְהַחַת הְּאֵנְהֹוֹ מִדָּן וְעַד־בָּאֵר שֵׁבַע כִּל יִמִי שְׁלֹמֹה: {סֹ}

Source 5: An Unaccountable Panic

Exodus 16:1-3

שמות ט"ז:א'-ג'

(1) Setting out from Elim, the whole Israelite community came to the wilderness of Sin, which is between Elim and Sinai, on the fifteenth day of the second month after their departure from the land of Egypt. (2) In the wilderness, the whole Israelite community grumbled against Moses and Aaron. (3) The Israelites said to them, "If only we had died by the hand of הוה in the land of Egypt, when we sat by the fleshpots, when we ate our fill of bread! For you have brought us out into this wilderness to starve this whole congregation to death."

(א) וַיִּסְעוּ מֵאֵילִם וַיֶּבֹאוּ כָּל־עֲדָת בְּנִי־יִשְׂרָאֵלֹ אָלִימִּהְ בְּנִי־יִשְׂרָאֵלֹ אָלִימְהַ בְּנִיִייִשְׂרָאַלֹ הַמְּלִי הְצָּתְם מַאֶּרֶץ בְּיְרִים וּבֵין סִינְגִי מְצְרָיִם. (ב) (וילינו) [וַיִּלּוֹנוּ] כָּל־עֲדְת מְצְרָיִם. (ב) (וילינו) [וַיִּלּוֹנוּ] כָּל־עֲדְת בְּיִבְיִם הְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל מִי־יִמֵּן מוֹתָנוּ בְּיִאְבְרֹי (ג) וַיֹּאמְרוּ אֲלֵהֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל מִי־יִמֵּן מוֹתָנוּ בְּעִרְים בְּשִׁבְּעֵב מִי־הוֹצֵאתָם אֹתְנוּ בְּבִּיְרִב בְּשִׁבְּעֵב מִי־הוֹצֵאתָם אֹתְנוּ הַבְּיָר הַלָּהְ לְּיָתְב אָלְנוּ לָחָם לְּעֻבֹּית אֶת־כָּל־הַמְּהָל הַזֶּה אָלְנוּ הַּיָּה לְּהָמֵית אֶת־כָּל־הַמְּהָל הַזֶּה בְּיָּבְי. (ס)

Source 6: "Hand of God" should be a positive, no?

Exodus 9:1-4

שמות ט':א'-ד'

(1) יהוה said to Moses, "Go to Pharaoh and say to him, 'Thus says, the God of the Hebrews: Let My people go to worship Me. (2) For if you refuse to let them go, and continue to hold them, (3) then the hand of יהוה will strike your livestock in the fields—the horses, the asses, the camels, the cattle, and the sheep—with a very severe pestilence. (4) But יהוה will make a distinction between the livestock of Israel and the livestock of the Egyptians, so that nothing shall die of all that belongs to the Israelites.

(א) וַיָּאמֶר יְהֹוָהֹ אֶל־מֹשֶׁה בָּא אֶל־פַּרְעָׂה וְדִבַּרְתָּ אֵלִיו כְּה־אָמֵר יְהֹוָהֹ אֱלֹהֵי הָעִבְרִים שַׁלַּח אֶת־עַמִּי וְיָעַבְדְנִיּ (ב) כָּי אִם־מָאֵן אַתָּה לְשַׁלֵּח וְעוֹדְךָּ מַחֲזִיק בָּםּ (ג) הִנֵּה יַד־יְהֹנָה הוֹיָה בְּמִקְנְדְּ אֲשֶׁר בַּשָּׁלֶּה בַּסוּסִים בַּחֲמֹרִים בַּגְּמַלִּים בַּבָּקֶר וּבַאֵּאן דֶּבֶר כָּבֵד מְאֹדִי (ד) וְהִ**פְּלֵח יְהֹנָה** בָּין מִקְנֵה יִשְּׂרָאֵל וָבֵין מִקְנָה מִאְרֵיִם וְלָא יָמֶוּת מִכָּל־לִבְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל דָּבֵריּ

Source 7:

Just a couple of weeks ago, they were channeling Joseph in singing prophetic visions of "God's mighty hand" as working in their favor?

Exodus 14:30-15:19

שמות י"ד:ל'-ט"ו:י"ט

- יהוה 'delivered Israel that day from the **hand** of Egypt. Israel saw the Egyptians dead on the shore of the sea. (31) And when Israel saw the great **hand** which יהוה had wielded against the Egyptians, the people feared הוה:
- hand which יהוה had wielded against the Egyptians, the people feared; they had faith in יהוה and in God's servant Moses.
- (1) Then Moses and the Israelites sang this song to יהוה. They said: I will sing to יהוה, for He has triumphed gloriously; Horse and driver He has hurled into the sea.
- (2) יהוה is my strength and might; He is become my deliverance. This is my God and I will enshrine Him; The God of my father's [house], and I will exalt Him.
- (3) יהוה, **the Warrior** is His name!
- (4) Pharaoh's chariots and his army He has cast into the sea; And the pick of his officers

Are drowned in the Sea of Reeds. (5)
The deeps covered them; They went
down into the depths like a stone. (6)
Your right hand, יהוה, glorious in
power, Your right hand, יהוה, shatters
the foe! (7) In Your great triumph You
break Your opponents;

You send forth Your fury, it consumes them like straw. (8) At the blast of Your nostrils the waters piled up, The floods stood straight like a wall; The deeps

(ל) וַיּוֹשַׁע יהוה בַּיִּוֹם הַהָּוֹא אֵת־יִשְׂרַאֵל מְיַּד מְצָרֵיָם וַיַּרָא יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶת־מִצְרַיִם מֵת עַל־שָּׁפַת הַיַּם: (לא) וַיַּרָא יִשְׂרָאֵל אָת־הַיַּד הַגִּדֹלָה אֲשֶׁר עַשֵׂה יהוה בָּמָצְרַיִם וַיִּירָאוּ הַעֵּם אֵת־יהוה וַיַאֲמִינוֹ בֵּיהוה וּבְמשֵׁה עַבְדּוֹי [פּ] (א) אָז יָשֵיר־משה וּבְנֵּי יִשְׂרָאֵל אֵת־הַשִּׁירָה הַוֹּאת לֵיהוה וַיֹּאמָרָוּ לֵאמֶר אָשִׁירָה לֵיהוה כֵּי־גַאָּה גַּאָָה סָוֹס וְרֹכְבָוֹ רַמֲה בַיַּם: (ב) עַזִי וַוְמַרַתֹּ יַּה וַיִּהִי־לִי לִישׁוּעֵה זָה אֵלִי וְאַנְוָהוּ אַלהֵי אַבִי וַאַרמִמָנָהוּ (ג) יהוה אֵישׁ מִלְחַמָה יהוה שָׁמִוֹּ (ד) מַרְכָּלָת פַּרְעָה וְחֵילְוֹ יַרָה בַיָּם וּמִבְתַּר שַׁלְשָׁיו טִבּעוּ בִיַם־סוּף: (ה) תִהמְת יָכַסָיָמוּ יַרְדוּ בָמָצוֹלְת כָּמוֹ־אַבֶּן: (ו) יְמֵינְדְּ יהוה נַאָדַרָי בַּכָּחַ יִּמְינְדָּ יהוה תִּרְעַץ אוֹיֵב: (ז) וּבְרְב גאונה תַהַרָס קמֵיך תִּשַׁלַח חַרְנָדְּ יֹאכָלַמוֹ כַּקּשׁי (ח) וּבָרָוּחַ אַפּּידּ גַעָרָמוּ מַיִּם נָצָבָוּ כִמוֹ־נֵדְ נוֹלֵים קַפָּאוּ תָהֹמָת בָּלֶב־יַם: (ט) אַמֵּר אוֹיֵב אָרָדָּף אַשָּׂיג אַחַלֵּק שָׁלֻל תִּמִלָּאֵמוֹ נַפִּשִּׁי אָרִיק חַרָבָּי תּוֹרִישֵׁמוֹ יַדָי: (י) נַשַּׁפְתַּ בִרוּחַדְּ כָּסֵמוֹ יַם צַלְלוּ כַעוֹפֶּׁרֶת בָּמֵיִם אַדִּירִים: (יא) מִי־כָמָכָה בַּאֵלָם יהוה מִי כַּמָכָה נֵאָדֶר בַּקְדִשׁ נוֹרָא תִהַלָּת עִשָּה פֵּלֵא: (יב) נַטִּיתַ יָמֵינַדְּ תָּבְלָצֵמוֹ אָרֵץ: (יג) נַחִיתַ בְחַסִדְּדָּ עַם־זְוּ גָּאֱלְתַּ נַהַלְתַּ בְעַזָּהָ אֵל־נָוָה קַדְשֵׁךְ: (יד) שַׁמְעִּוּ עַמָּים יִרנָּזָוּן חָיל אַחַוֹ ישָׁבֵי פִּלַשֵּׁתּ ּ (טו) אַז נִבְהַלוּּ אַלוּפֵי אֵדוֹם אֵילֵי מוֹאָב יִאחֲזַמוֹ רֻעַד נָמִגוּ כָּל ישָׁבֵי כָנַעָן: (טז) תִּפּל עֵלֶיהָם אֵימַׂתָה וַפַּחַד בָּגִּלָל זְרוֹעֵדְּ יִדְּמְוּ כָּאֲבֵן עַד־יַעַכָּר עַמִּדְּ יהוה עַד־יַעַבָּר עַם־זָוּ קַנֵיתָּ. (יז) תִּבְאֵמוֹ וִתְטַעֵּמוֹ בָּהָר נַחֲלֵתָךָּ מָכָוֹן לִשְׁבִתְּךֶּ פַּעַלְתַּ יהוה מִקּדָּשׁ אדני כּוֹנְנָוּ יַדֵיךָּ: (יח) יהוה וּיָמְלְּךְ לְעֹלֵם ַוֹעֶד: (יט) כֵּי בַא סוּס פַּרִעֹה בַּרְכִבָּוֹ וּבְפַרַשֵׁיוֹ בַּיַּם וַיַּשֶׁב יהוה עַלָהָם אַת־מֵי הַיַּם וּבָנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל

הַלְכָוּ בַיַּבָּשָה בִּתְוֹךְ הַיַּם: {פּ}

froze in the heart of the sea. (9) The foe said, "I will pursue, I will overtake, I will divide the spoil; My desire shall have its fill of them. I will bare my sword— My hand shall subdue them." (10) You made Your wind blow, the sea covered them; They sank like lead in the majestic waters. (11) Who is like You, הוה, among the celestials; Who is like You, majestic in holiness, Awesome in splendor, working wonders! (12) You put out Your right hand, The earth swallowed them.

- (13) In Your loyalty You lead the people You redeemed; In Your strength You guide them to Your holy abode. (14) The peoples hear, they tremble; Agony grips the dwellers in Philistia. (15) Now are the clans of Edom dismayed; The tribes of Moab—trembling grips them; All the dwellers in Canaan are aghast. (16) Terror and dread descend upon them; Through the might of Your arm they are still as stone—Till Your people cross over, יהוה, Till Your people cross whom You have ransomed. (17) You will bring them and plant them in Your own mountain, the place You made to dwell in, יהוה, the sanctuary, O my lord, which Your hands established.
- (18) יהוה will reign for ever and ever!
- (19) For the horses of Pharaoh, with his chariots and riders, went into the sea; and יהוה turned back on them the waters of the sea; but the Israelites marched on dry ground in the midst of the sea.

Source 8: Joseph on our Minds

Exodus 13:18-20

(18) So God led the people round about, by way of the wilderness at the Sea of Reeds. Now the Israelites went up armed out of the land of Egypt. (19) And Moses took with him the bones of Joseph, who had exacted an oath from the children of Israel, saying, "God will be sure to take notice of you: then you shall carry up my bones from here with you." (20) They set out from Succoth, and encamped at Etham, at the edge of the wilderness.

שמות י"ג:י"ח-כי

(יח) וַיַּפֶּׁב אֱלֹהָים ו אֶת־הָעֶם דֶּרֶהְ הַמִּדְבֶּר יַם־סָוּף וַחֲמִּשִׁים עָלוּ בְנִי־יִשְׂרָאֵל מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִםּ (יט) וַיִּקָּח מֹשֶׁה אֶת־עַּצְמְוֹת יוֹסָף עִמְוֹ כִּי הַשְׁבֵּעַ הִשְׁבִּיעַ אֶת־בְּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל לֵאמֹר פָּלְּד יִפְּלְּד אֱלֹהִים אֶתְלֶם וְהַעֲלִיתָם אֶת־עַצְמֹתֵי מָזֶּה אִתְּכֶם ּ (כ) וַיִּסְעוּ מִסָּכָּת וַיַּחֲנָוּ בְאֵתָם בִּקְצֵה הַמִּדְבֵּר.

Source 9: Marah They learn some reasons to fear God!

Exodus 15:22-26

(22) Then Moses caused Israel to set out from the Sea of Reeds. They went on into the wilderness of Shur; they traveled three days in the wilderness and found no water. (23) They came to Marah, but they could not drink the water of Marah because it was bitter; that is why it was named Marah. (24) And the people grumbled against Moses, saying, "What shall we drink?" (25) So he cried out to יהוה, and יהוה showed him a piece of wood; he threw it into the water and the water became sweet. There [God] made for them a fixed rule; there they were put to the test. (26) [God] said, "If you will heed your God יהוה diligently, doing what is upright in God's sight, giving ear to

שמות ט"ו:כ"ב-כ"ו

(כב) וַיַּפַּע מֹשֶׁה אֶת־יִשְּׂרָאֵל מִיַּם־סוּף וַיֵּצְאוּ
אֶל־מִדְבַּר־שִׁוּר וַיֵּלְכִוּ שִׁלְשֶׁת־יָמֵים בַּמִּדְבָּר
אָל־מִדְבַּר־שִׁוּר וַיֵּלְכִוּ שִׁלְשֶׁת־יָמֵים בַּמִּדְבָּר
לְשְׁמִּת מִּיִם מִמְּלָה כִּי מָרִים הָם עַל־כֵּן
לְשְׁמָּת מַיִּם מִמְּלָה כִּי מָרִים הָם עַל־כֵּן
לֵאְלִּת מַיִּם מִמְּלָה כִּי מָרִים הָם עַל־כֵּן
לֵאֹלִר מַה־נִּשְׁתָּה. (כה) וַיִּצְעַק אֶל־יְהֹנָּה וַיוֹרָהוּ צֵּאֹלְר מַה־נִּשְׁתָּה. (כה) וַיִּצְעַק אֶל־יְהוֹּ וְיִלֹיָם יְשָׁם בְּמָּהוּ. (כו) וַיֹּאמֶר בְּמִבְּלִּת לְּמָל וֹיְהוֹנְה אֱלֹהֶיך וְהַיָּשָׁר בְּמִצְרִיִם הַּבְּי אֲנִי לְמִצְוֹלְיוֹ וְהָנְהְ וְהַיָּשָׁר בְּמִבְּרִים בְּמִבְּיוֹ בְּלְיהָ וְהַיִּשְׁר בְּמִי בְּמִצְרִיּם לִּמְיִם עַלֵּיך בְּי אֲנֵי יְהוֹוָה וֹיְמִים בְּמְּרְהָּ
בְּלִיהְ וְמָשְׁתְּי בְמִצְרִיִם מְּבְּלֹיך בְּי אֲנֵי יְהוֹוָה רִפְּאֵבְי בְמִצְרִיִם מַּבְּרִים מְּתְּי בְמִצְרִיִם בְּמִּים לֵּיְלְּתְּיִם וְּשָׁם בְּלְיִם וְּמָּים עָלִיךְ וְיִישְׁבְּל לְּיִל וְיְלְבְּל וּיְהְוֹּה וְיִישְׁלֵּך בְּי אֲעָר־שְׁמְתִי בְמִצְרִיִם הַּעְּרִים בְּמִים עַלֵּיִים וְיְיִּשְׁב לְּהָּ וְיִּבְּיִּתְּלְּיִם בְּיִּבְּיִם בְּבְים בְּבִּים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּבְּים בְּבְיּבְיִים וְּעְלִים בְּמְים בְּיִּבְּיִים וְּעְלִיה וְבְּיִבְּיִּבְּיִּ עְּיִים בְּמְלְיִם בְּבְּים בְּיִבְּיִבְּיִם בְּיִּבְיִים בְּבְּיִבְּיִי וְבָּלִים בְּבְּים בְּבְּיִבְּיִים בְּבְיבִים בְּבִי אֲנִייִים עַלִּיךְ בְּבִּי אֲנִיי יִהֹוֹיְנְי יִהְנִים עְלֵּיִים עַלִּיך בִּי אֲנָי יִהֹוֹף בְּי בְּבִי בְּיִבְּי יִהְוֹיף בִּי בְּיִבְיִים בּוּבְיִים בְּי בְּבִי בְּיִבְּי יִיהְוֹיף בְּיִים בְּי בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּי בְּיִים בְּים בְּייִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיּים בְּיִים בְּיּבְּים בְּיִים בְּיּים בְּיּים בְּיוּים בְּיִבּים בְּיוּים בְּיּיִים בְּיִבְּיים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיּבְּיוּים בְּיִים בְּיּים בְּיּים בְּיּיִים בְּיּים בְּיוּים בְּיּים בְּיּים בְּיּים בְּיוֹילְיוּים בְּיוֹים בְּיוֹים בְּיוּים בְּיוֹבְיוּים בְּיוֹים בְּיוֹילְיוּיִים בְּיוֹים בְּיוּים בְּיוּים בְּיוּים בְּיוֹייִים בְּיוּים בְּיוֹים בְּ

God's commandments and keeping all God's laws, then I will not bring upon you any of the diseases that I brought upon the Egyptians, for I הוה am your healer."

Sources 10a-10b: Moshe twice sheds light on this dynamic

Deuteronomy 7:12-16

(12) And if you do hearken to these rules and observe them carefully, your God יהוה will maintain faithfully for you the covenant made on oath with your fathers: (13) [God] will favor you and bless you and multiply you—blessing your issue from the womb and your produce from the soil, your new grain and wine and oil, the calving of your herd and the lambing of your flock, in the land sworn to your fathers to be assigned to you. (14) You shall be blessed above all other peoples: there shall be no sterile male or female among you or among your livestock. (15) יהוה will ward off from you all **sickness; [God] will not** bring upon you any of the dreadful **diseases of Egypt**, about which you know, but will inflict them upon all your enemies. (16) You shall destroy all the peoples that your God יהוה delivers to you, showing them no pity. And you shall not worship their gods, for that would be a snare to you.

דברים ז':י"ב-ט"ז

Source 10b

Deuteronomy 28:58-62

(58) If you fail to observe faithfully all the terms of this Teaching that **are writte**n in this book, to reverence this honored and awesome Name, your will inflict יהוה, (59) יהוה will inflict extraordinary plagues upon you and your offspring, strange and lasting plagues, malignant and chronic diseases— (60) bringing back upon you all the sicknesses of Egypt that **you dreaded so**, and they shall cling to you. (61) Moreover, יהוה will bring upon you all the other diseases and plagues that are not mentioned in this book of Teaching, until you are wiped out. (62) You shall be left a scant few, after having been as numerous as the stars in the skies, because you did not hearken to the command of your יהוה God.

דברים כ"ח:נ"ח-ס"ב

(נח) אָם־לֹא תִשְׁמֹר לַצְשׁוֹת אֶת־כָּל־דִּבְרֵי הַתּוֹנְרָה הַזֹּאת הַכְּּתָבִּים בַּפְּפֶּר הַזָּה לְיִרְאָה אֶלֹהֶיךְּי (נט) וְהִפְּלָא יְהֹוָהֹ אֶת־מַכְּתְּדְּ וְאָת מַכְּוֹת זַרְעֶך מַכְּוֹת גִּדֹלֹת וְנָאֱמְנֹוֹת וְחֵלָיָם רָצִים וְנֶאֱמְנִים (ס) וְהַשִּׁיב בְּּדֹּ אֻת כָּל־מַדְנִה מִצְּלִים בָּל־חֲלִי וְכָל־מַבָּה אֲשֶׁר לְא כָתוּב בְּסַפֶּר הַתּוֹרָה הַזָּאת יַעְלֵם יְהֹוָהֹ עֻלֶּיךְ עַד הִשְּׁמְדְךְּ הַתוֹרָה הַזָּאת יַעְלֵם יְהֹוָהֹ עֻלֶּיךְ עַד הִשְּׁמְדְךְּ הַכוֹרְבֵי הַשָּׁמָיִם לְגַב בִּי־לָא שָׁמַּעְתָּ בְּקוֹל יְהֹנָה בְּכוֹרְבֵי הַשְּׁמַיִם לְגַב בִּי־לָא שָׁמַעְתָּ בְּקוֹל יְהֹנָה אַלֹהֵיך:

Source 11: But he also gives comfort (accessible law), which was missing at Marah!

Deuteronomy 30:10-16

דברים לי:יי-ט"ז

(10) since you will be heeding your God and keeping the divine יהוה commandments and laws that are recorded in this book of the Teaching—once you return to your God יהוה with all your heart and soul. (11) Surely, this Instruction which I enjoin upon you this day is not too baffling for you, nor is it beyond reach. (12) It is not in the heavens, that you should say, "Who among us can go up to the heavens and get it for us and impart it to us, that we may observe it?" (13) Neither is it beyond the sea, that you should say, "Who among us can cross to the other side of the sea and get it for us and impart it to us, that we may observe it?" (14) **No, the** thing is very close to you, in your mouth and in your heart, to observe it. (15) See, I set before you this day life and prosperity, death and adversity. (16) For I command you this day, to love your God יהוה, to walk in God's ways, and to keep God's commandments, God's laws, and God's rules, that you may thrive and increase, and that your God יהוה may bless you in the land that you are about to enter and possess.

(י) כֵּי תִשָּׁמַע בַּקוֹל יָהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ לְשָׁמַר מִצְוֹתֵיוֹ וָחָקֹמֵיו הַכָּתוּבֶּה בָּסֶפֶר הַתּוֹרֵה הָזָה כֵּי תַשׁוּב' אַל־יִהֹוָה אֵלֹהֶיך בְּכַל־לְבַבְהְ וּבְכַל־נַפְשֵׁהְּי (ס) (יא) כֵּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאת אֲשֵׁר אַנֹכִי מִצְוָּהְ הַיִּוֹם לא־נָפַלֵאת הָוא מִמָּדְּ וַלְא רַחֹקַה הָוא: (יב) לְא בַשַּׁמֵים הָוֹא לָאמֹר מֵי יַעֲלֶה־לָנוּ הַשַּׁמַּימַה וִיקָחֶהָ לָּנוּ וְיַשְׁמִעֲנוּ אֹתָה וְנַעֲשֵׂנָה: (יג) וְלֹא־מֵעֲבֶר לְיַם הָוֹא לֵאמֹר מֵי יַעֲבַר־לְנוּ אַל־עָבֶר הַיַּם וִיקַחָה לָנוּ וִישִׁמְעֵנוּ אֹתָה וָנַעשׂנַה: (יד) כֵּי־קָרוֹב אָלֵיךְ הַדַּבַר מְאָד בְּפִיךְ וֹבֶלְבַבָּךָ לַעֲשֹתוֹ: {ס} (טו) רָאֶה נַתַתִּי לְפַנֵּיךּ הַּיּוֹם אַת־הַחַיִּים וְאֵת־הַטְּוֹב וְאֵת־הַמַּוֵת וָאֶת־הַרַע. (טז) אֲשֶּׁר אַנֹכֵי מִצְוָךְ הַיּוֹם לְאַהַבְּה אַת־יִהֹוָה אֵלהֶּידְּ לָלֶכֶת בִּדְרַכָּיו וִלְשָׁמֶּר מִצִּוֹתֵיו וְחָקֹתָיו וּמִשִּׁפַּטָיו וְחָיֵיתַ וְרַבִּיתַ וּבֵרַכִּךְּ יִהֹוָה אַלהֶּיךָ בַּאָרֶץ אַשֶׁר־אַתַּה בַא־שַׁמַה לְרִשְׁתַהּי

Sources 12a-c: More reminders of Joseph's regime! Positive, negative, or mixed?

שמות ט"ו:כ"ז Exodus 15:27

(27) And they came to Elim, where there were twelve springs of water and seventy palm trees; and they encamped there beside the water. (כז) וַיָּבְאוּ אֵילִּמָה וְשָּׁם שְׁתַּים עֻשְׂבֶה עֵינָת מַיִם וְשִׁבִּעִּים תִּמָּרִים וַיַּחֲנוּ־שָׁם עַל־הַמָּיִם: מַיִם וְשִׁבִּעִּים תִּמָּרִים וַיַּחֵנוּ־שָׁם עַל־הַמָּיִם:

Source 12b: Seventy souls went down to Egypt

Genesis 46:27

(27) And Joseph's sons who were born to him in Egypt were two in number. Thus the total of Jacob's household who came to Egypt was **seventy persons.**

(כז) וּבְגֵי יוֹמֶף אֲשֶׁר־יֻלַּד־לָוֹ בְמִצְרַיִם גָפֶשׁ שָׁגָיֵם כָּל־הַגָּפֶשׁ לְבֵית־יַעֲקֶׂב הַבָּאָה מִצְרַיְמָה שָׁבִעִים: {o}

בראשית מ"ו:כ"ז

Source 12c: 12 Tribes compose Israel in Egypt

בראשית מ"ט:כ"ה בראשית מ"ט:כ"ה

(28) All these were the tribes of Israel, twelve in number, and this is what their father said to them as he bade them farewell, addressing to each a parting word appropriate to him.

(כח) **כָּל־אֵלֶּה שִׁבְעֵי יִשְּׂרָאֻל שְׁגִים עָשֶׂר** וְּזֹאת אֲשֶׁר־דִּבֶּּר לָהֶם אֲבִיהֶם וַיְבָרֶךְ אוֹתָם אֵישׁ אֲשֶׁר כִּבְרַכַתִּוֹ בֵּרַךְ אֹתָם.

Source 13: Joseph's Genius Storage to defeat famine and extend plenty on behalf of Pharaoh

Genesis 41:29-38

(29) Immediately ahead are seven years of great abundance in all the land of Egypt. (30) After them will come seven years of famine, and all the abundance in the land of Egypt will be forgotten. As the land is ravaged by famine, (31) no trace of the abundance will be left in the land because of the famine thereafter, for it will be very severe. (32) As for Pharaoh having had the same dream twice, it means that the matter has been determined by God, and that God will soon carry it out. (33) "Accordingly, let Pharaoh find someone who's discerning and wise, whom you can set over the land of Egypt. (34) And let Pharaoh take steps to appoint overseers over the land, and organize the land of Egypt in the seven years of plenty. (35) Let all the food of these good years that are coming be gathered, and let the grain be collected under Pharaoh's authority as food to be stored in the cities. (36) Let that food be a reserve for the land for the seven years of famine which will come upon the land of Egypt, so that the land may not perish in the famine." (37) The plan pleased Pharaoh and all his courtiers. (38) And Pharaoh said to his courtiers, "Could we find another like him—a man with the divine

בראשית מ"א:כ"ט-ל"ח

(כט) הָנֵה שֶׁבַע שַׁנִים בַּאָוֹת שַׂבַע גַּּדְוֹל בַּכַל־אַרִץ מִצְרַיִם: (ל) וְּקָמוּ שֶׁבַע שָׁנֵי רַעַב אַחַרִיהֶּן וְנָשָׁכַּח כַּל־הַשַּׂבֶע בָּאַרִץ מִצְרֵיָם וְכַלַּה הַרַעָב אֶת־הַאָרֵץּ (לא) וְלָא־יָוַדָע הַשְּׂבַע בַּאָרֵץ ּמִפָּגֵי הַרָעֲב הַהָּוּא אַחֲרִי־כֵּן כֵּי־כָבֵד הָוּא מִאֹדי (לב) וַעַּל הִשַּׁנָוֹת הַחֲלֵוֹם אֱל־פַּרִעָּה פַּעַמֵיִם בּי־נַכָּוֹן הַדַּבַר מֵעָם הַאֱלֹהִים וּמְמַהֵר הַאֱלֹהִים לַעשֹתוֹּ (לג) וְעַתַּהֹ יֵרֵא פַרְעֹה אִישׁ נַבְוֹן וְחַכֵּם וִישִׁיתָהוּ עַל־אָרֶץ מִצְרָיִם: (לד) יַעֲשֵׂה פַּרְעֹה וְיַפָּקָד פָּקָדֵים עַל־הַאָרֵץ וְחָמֵשׁ אַת־אַרֵץ מָצְרַיִם בְּשֶׁבֶע שָׁנֵי הַשַּׂבֵע: (לה) וְיִקְבָּצוּ אָת־כַּל־אַכֶל הַשַּׁנִים הַטֹּבוֹת הַבַּאָת הַאֱלֵה וַיָּצָבָּרוּ־בַּר תַּחַת יַד־פַּרְעָה אָכֶל בֶּעַרִים וְשַׁמֵרוּי (לו) וְהָיָּה הָאָכֶל לְפִּקָּדוֹן לָאָׁרֶץ לְשֶׁבַע שְׁנֵי ַהַרַעָּב אַשֶּׁר תִּהָיֶן בָּאֲרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם וִלְא־תַכָּרָת הָאָרֵץ בַּרָעַבּ: (לז) וַיִּיטַב הַדָּבָר בִּעֵיגֵי פַּרְעָה וּבְעִינֵי כַּל־עַבַדֵיוּ (לח) וַיִּאמֶר פַּרְעָה אַל־עַבַדֵיו הַנִּמָצֵא כַזָּה אָישׁ אַשֵּׁר רַוּחַ אֵלֹהִים spirit?"

Source 14: Joseph's Regime. Who benefits? Who sets laws? Who gives seed and bread? Who decides on life and death?

Genesis 47:11-28

בראשית מ"ז:י"א-כ"ח

(11) So Joseph settled his father and his brothers, giving them holdings in the choicest part of the land of Egypt, in the region of Rameses, as Pharaoh had commanded. (12) Joseph sustained his father, and his brothers, and all his father's household with bread, down to the little ones. (13) Now there was no bread in all the world, for the famine was very severe; both the land of Egypt and the land of Canaan languished because of the famine. (14) Joseph gathered in all the money that was to be found in the land of Egypt and in the land of Canaan, as payment for the rations that were being procured, and Joseph brought the money into Pharaoh's palace. (15) And when the money gave out in the land of Egypt and in the land of Canaan, all the Egyptians came to Joseph and said, "Give us bread! what purpose is there in our dying before your very eyes; for the money is gone!" (16) And Joseph said, "Bring your livestock, and I will sell to you against your livestock, if the money is gone." (17) So they brought their livestock to Joseph, and Joseph gave them bread in exchange for the horses, for the stocks of sheep and cattle, and the asses; thus he provided them with bread that year in exchange for all their livestock. (18) And when that year was ended, they came to him the next year and said to him, "We cannot hide from my lord that, with all the money and animal stocks consigned to my lord, nothing is left at my lord's disposal save our carcasses and our farmland. (19) Why should we perish before your eyes, both we

(יא) וַיּוֹשֵׁב יוֹסֵף אַת־אַבֶּיו וָאַת־אַחַיוֹ וַיְּהֵּן לַהַם אַחַזַּה בָּאַרִץ מִצְרִים בִּמִיטֵב הַאַרץ בָּאַרִץ ַרָעָמָסֶס כַּאֲשֶׁר צָוָה פַרָעה: (יב) וַיָ**כַּלְבֶּל יוֹסֶף** אָת־אַבִּיו וָאָת־אָחַיו וָאָת כַּל־בֵּית אַבִּיו לַחֶם לפי הַשַּׁף: (יג) וַלְחֵם אֵין בְּכַל־הַאַּרֵץ כִּי־כַבֵּד הַרַעָב מָאָד וַתָּלָה אָרַץ מִצְרַיָּם וַאָרֵץ כִּנְעָן מִפְּגֵי הַרַעַב: (יד) וַיִּלָקט יוֹסֵׁף אֵת־כַּל־הַכֶּּסֵף הַנָּמַצֵא בָאָרִץ־מִצְרַיִּם וּבָאָרַץ כִּנַּעַן בַּשָּׁבֵר אַשֶׁר־הֶם שֹׁבָרֶים וַיַּבֵא יוֹמֵף אֵת־הַכֵּסֵף בֵּיתַה פַרְעָה. (טו) וַיָּתָּם הַכָּסֶף מַאֶרֶץ מִצְרֵּיָם וּמַאָרֶץ ָבַּנַעַן נַיַבֹּאוּ כַל־מִצְרַיִם אֵל־יוֹסֵף לֵאמֹר הַבָה־לֵנוּ לֶחֶם וְלָמָה נַמְוּת נַגְדֶּךְ כִּי אָפֵס כַּסֵף. (טז) וַיָּאמֶר יוֹסֶף הַבִּוּ מִקְנֵיכֶּם וְאָתְּנֵה לַכֵם בַּמַקנֵיכֵם אָם־אַפַס כַּסֵף: (יז) וַיָּבִיאוּ אַת־מַקנֵיהֶם אַל־יוֹסֶף וַיָּתֵּן לַהֶם יוֹסֶף לְּחֶם בּסוּסִים וּבִמִקגַה הַצֵּאן וּבִמִקגַה הַבַּקַר וּבַחַמֹרֵים וַיִּנַהַלֶּם בַּלָּחֶבֹּ בִּכַל־מִקְנַהָּם בַּשַּׁנַה הַהָוֹא: (יח) וַתִּתֹם הַשַּׁנָה הַהָוֹא וַיַּבּאוּ אֵלַיו בַּשַׁנָה הַשַּׁנִית וַיָּאמָרוּ לוֹ לַא־נְכַחֵד מֵאֲדֹנִי כֵּי אָם־תַּם הַבֶּּסֶף וּמִקּנֵה הַבָּהֵמָה אֵל־אַדֹנֵי לֹא ָנִשְׁאַר לִפָּנֵי אֲדֹנִי בִּלְתֵּי אָם־גָּוְיַ**תְנוּ** וְאַדְמַתֵנוּי (יט) לַמַּה נַמִּוּת לְעֵינִיךְ גַם־אַנַּחָנוּ גַם אַדְמַתֵּנוּ קנה־אתנו ואת־אַדמתנו בַּלַּחֶם וְנַהְיֵּה אַנַחְנוּ ואַדְמַתֵּנוּ עַבַדִים לְפַרִעה וְתֵן־זָּרַע וְנַחְיֵה וְלֹא נַבּמוּת וָהַאַדַמָה לָא תָשֵׁם: (כ) וַיּּקֵן יוֹסֶׁף אָת־כַּל־אַדָמַת מִצְרַיִּם לְפַרָעָה כֵּי־מַכְרָוּ מִצְרַיִם אָישׁ שַׂלָּהוּ כִּי־חַזַק עַלָהַם הַרַעָב וַתִּהִי הַאָרַץ לְפַרְעָה: (כא) וְאָת־הַעָּׁם הָעָבֵיר אֹתְוֹ לְעַרִים מָקָצֶה גָבוּל־מִצְרָיָם וְעַד־קַצֵהוּ: (כב) בַק אַדְמַת הַכֹּהֲנִים לָא קָנָה כִּיּ חֹק לַכֹּהַנִּים מֵאֵת פַרעה ואַכִלוּ אַת־חָקַם אֲשֶׁר נַתַן לַהֶם פַּרְעָה

and our land. Take us and our land in exchange for bread, and we with our land will be serfs to Pharaoh; provide the seed, that we may live and not die, and that the land may not become a waste." (20) So Joseph gained possession of all the farm land of Egypt for Pharaoh, all the Egyptians having sold their fields because the famine was too much for them; thus the land passed over to Pharaoh. (21) And he moved the population to the cities, from one end of Egypt's border to the other. (22) Only the land of the priests he did not take over, for the priests had an allotment from Pharaoh, and they lived off the allotment which Pharaoh had made to them; therefore they did not sell their land. (23) Then Joseph said to the people, "Whereas I have this day acquired you and your land for Pharaoh, here is seed for you to sow the land. (24) And when harvest comes, you shall give one-fifth to Pharaoh, and four-fifths shall be yours as seed for the fields and as food for you and those in your households, and as nourishment for your children." (25) And they said, "You have saved our lives! We are grateful to my lord, and we shall be serfs to Pharaoh." (26) And Joseph made it into a land law in Egypt, which is still valid, that a fifth should be Pharaoh's; only the land of the priests did not become Pharaoh's. (27) Thus Israel settled in the country of Egypt, in the region of Goshen; they acquired holdings in it, and were fertile and increased greatly.

עַל־בֵּן לָא מָכְרָוּ אֶת־אַדְמָתָם. (כג) וַיְּאמֶר יוֹסֵךּ אֶל־בָּן לָא מָכְרָוּ אֶת־אַדְמָתָם. (כג) וַיְּאמֶר יוֹסֵךּ לְפַרְעֵּה הֵא־לָכֶם זֶּרָע וּזְרַעְהָּם אֶת־הָאַדָמָה. (כד) וְהָיָה בִּהְבוּאֹת וּנְתַתֶּם חֲמִישִׁית לְפַרְעִה וְלְאָרְלְכֶם וְלַאֲאֶר בְּבָּתֵיכֶם וְלֶאֱכָל לְטַפְּכֶם. וְהָיֵינוּ עֲבָדִים לְפַרְעֹה. (כוֹ) וַיִּשֶׂם אֹתָה יוֹסֵׁרְ לְפַרְעֹה. (כז) וַיִּשָׁב יִשְּׂרָאֶל בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרָים לְפַרְעֹה. (כז) וַיִּשָׁב יִשְׂרָאֶל בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרָים לְפַרְעֹה. (כז) וַיִּשָּׁב יִשְׂרָאֶל בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרָים לְפַרְעֹה. (כז)

Source 15: A New Regime. Israel reaping what they sowed

Exodus 1:1-9 שמות א':א'-ט'

(1) These are the names of the sons of Israel who came to Egypt with Jacob, each coming with his household: (2) Reuben, Simeon, Levi, and Judah; (3) Issachar, Zebulun, and Benjamin; (4) Dan and Naphtali, Gad and Asher. (5) The total number of persons that were of Jacob's issue came to seventy, Joseph being already in Egypt. (6) Joseph died, and all his brothers, and all that generation. (7) But the Israelites were fertile and prolific; they multiplied and increased very greatly, so that the land was filled with them. (8) A new king arose over Egypt who did not know Joseph. (9) And he said to his people, "Look, the Israelite people are much too numerous for us.

(א) וְצֵּלֶה שְׁמוֹת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָצֵׁל הַבָּאָים מִצְרֶיְמָה אֵת יַצַלְּב אָישׁ וּבֵיתוֹ בְּאוּ. (ב) רְאוּבֵן שִׁמְעוֹן לֵוָי וְיהוּדְה. (ג) יִשְּׁשׁכֶר וְבוּלֻן וּבִנְיִמְוּ. (ד) דָּן וְנַפְתָּלִי גָּד וְאִשֵׁר. (ה) וַיְהִי כָּל־נָפֶשׁ יֹצְאֵי יַבְרְיִם נָפֶשׁ וְיוֹסֵף הָיָה בְמִצְרְיִם. (ו) וַנְפְתַ יִּעְלָּב שִׁבְעִים נָפֶשׁ וְיוֹסֵף הָיָה בְמִצְרְיִם. (ו) יַבְנִי יִשְׁרְצֵּוּ וַיִּשְׁרְצֶוּ וַיִּרְבָּוּ וַיִּעַצְמָוּ בִּמְאָד מְאָד מְאָד יְשֹׂרְצֵוּ וַיִּיְרְבָּוּ וַיִּעַצְמָוּ בִּמְאָד מְאָד מְאֵד וְהִשְּרְצֵּוּ וַיִּיְרְבָּוּ וַיִּעַצְמָוּ בִּמְאָד מְאָד וְהַבְּיִי וְהַבְּוֹי וַהְתַּבֵּוֹלֵץ הַאָּבְץ אֹתָם. {פ}

(ח) וַיָּקָם מֶלֶּךְ־חָדָשׁ עַל־מִצְרֵיִם אֲשֶׁר לְא־יָדַע אָת־יוֹמֵף. (ט) וַיָּאמֶר אֶל־עַמֵּוֹ הִנֵּה עֲם בְּגֵי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל רַב וְעָצִוּם מִמֶּנוּ.

Source 16: The original "flesh pots" Another moment of greatness that's uncomfortable in retrospect!

Exodus 12:21-22

(21) Moses then summoned all the elders of Israel and said to them, "Go, pick out lambs for your families, and slaughter the passover offering. (22) Take a bunch of hyssop, dip it in the **blood that is in the basin**, and apply some of the **blood that is in the basin** to the lintel and to the two doorposts. None of you shall go outside the door of your house until morning.

שמות י"ב:כ"א-כ"ב

(כא) וַיִּקְרָא מֹשֶׁה לְכָל־זִקְנֵי יִשְּׂרָאֵל וַיִּאמֶר אֲלֵהֶם מִשְׁכֹּוּ וּקְחֹוּ לְכֶם צֶּאוֹ לְמִשְׁפְּחֹתֵיכֶם וֹשְׁחֲטִוּ הַפְּסַחּ (כב) וּלְקַחְהֶּם אֲגָדַת אֵזׁוֹב וּטְבַלְתֶּם בַּ**דָם אֲשֶׁר־בַּפַּף** וְהִנִּעְתֶּם אֶל־הַמַּשְׁקוֹף וְאֶל־שְׁתֵּי הַמְּזוּזֹת מִ**ן־הַדָּם אֲשֶׁר** עַד־בֹּקָריּ עַד־בֹּקֵריּ

Source 17: Pots as Tools for Sacrificial Cult

Exodus 27:1-3

(1) You shall make the altar of acacia wood, five cubits long and five cubits wide—the altar is to be square—and three cubits high. (2) Make its horns on the four corners, the horns to be of one piece with it; and overlay it with copper. (3) Make the pails for removing its ashes, as well as its scrapers, basins, flesh hooks, and fire pans—make all its utensils of copper.

שמות כ"ז:א'-ג'

(א) וְעָשִׂיתָ אֶת־הַמִּזְבֵּחַ עֲצֵי שִׁמִים חָמֵשׁ אַמֹּוֹת אֹרֶךְ וְחָמֵשׁ אַמִּוֹת רֹחַב רָבְוּעַ יִהְיֶהֹ הַמִּזְבַּחַ שְׁלֵשׁ אַמִּוֹת לְחָב רָבְוּעַ יִהְיֶהֹ הַמְּזְבַּחַ וְשָׁלְשׁ אַמְּוֹת לְמָתְוֹּ (ב) וְעָשִּׁיתָ קַרְנֹתָיו וְצִפִּיתָ אֹתְוֹ אַרְבַּע פִּנֹתְיו מְמָבוּ תִּקְיֵי לְרָלֹ־בַּלְיו וּמִחְתֹּתֵיו לְכָל־בַּלָיו תַּעֲשֶׂה וֹמְחְלֹתֵיו לְכָל־בַּלָיו תַּעֲשֶׂה וְמִחְלֹתֵיו וֹמְחְלֹתֵיו וֹמְחְלֹתֵיו וֹמְחְלֹתֵיו וֹמְחְלֹתֵיו

Source 18: God's Response to the Panic Provider and Parent/Trainer

Exodus 16:4-5

שמות ט"ז:ד'-ה'

(4) And יהוה said to Moses, "I will rain down bread for you from the sky, and the people shall go out and gather each day that day's portion—that I may thus test them, to see whether they will follow My instructions or not. (5) But on the sixth day, when they apportion what they have brought in, it shall prove to be double the amount they gather each day."

(ד) וַיָּאמֶר יְהֹוָהֹ אֶל־מֹשֶׁה הִנְגָּי מַמְטִּיר לָכֶם לֶּהֶם מִּוְ־הַשָּׁמֵּיִם וְיָצָּא הָעָם וְלֵקְטוּ דְּבַר־יִוֹם בְּיוֹמֹוֹ לְמֻעַן אֲנַפֶּנוּ הֲיֵלֵךְ בְּתוֹרָתָי אִם־לִא. (ה) וְהָיָהֹ בַּיִּוֹם הַשִּׁשִּׁי וְהַכִּינוּ אֵת אֲשֶׁר־יָבֵיאוּ וְהָיָה מִשְׁנֶּה עַל אֲשֶׁר־יִלְקְטָוּ יָוֹם ו יִוֹם.

Source 19: Rashb"i delves into the logic

Yoma 76a:2

יומא ע"ו א:ב'

Furthermore, with regard to the manna: The students of Rabbi Shimon ben Yohai asked him: Why didn't the manna fall for the Jewish people just once a year to take care of all their needs, instead of coming down every day? He said to them: I will give you a parable: To what does this matter compare? To a king of flesh and blood who has only one son. He granted him an allowance for food once a year and the son greeted his father only once a year, when it was time for him to receive his allowance. So he arose and granted him his food every day, and his son visited him every day.

שָׁאֲלוּ תַּלְמִידָיו אֶת רַבִּי שִׁמְעוֹן בֶּן יוֹחַי: מִפְּנֵי מָה לֹא יָרַד לָהֶם לְיִשְּׂרָאֵל מָן פַּעַם אַחַת בַּשָּׁנָה? אָמַר לָהֶם: אֶמְשׁוֹל לָכֶם מְשָׁל: לְמָה הַדְּכָר דּוֹמֶה? לְמֶלֶךְ בָּשָּׂר וָדָם שָׁיֵשׁ לוֹ בֵּן אֶחָד, פָּסַק לוֹ מְזוֹנוֹתָיו פַּעַם אַחַת בַּשָּׁנָה, וְלֹא הָיָה מַקְבִּיל פְּנֵי אָבִיו אֶלָּא פַּעַם אַחַת בַּשָּׁנָה. עָמַד וּפָסַק מְזוֹנוֹתָיו בְּכָל יוֹם, וְהָיָה מַקְבִּיל פְּנֵי אָבִיו כַּל יוֹם.

Source 20: Moshe delves into the logic and points to critique of Joseph's Regime

Deuteronomy 8:1-18

דברים ח':א'-י"ח

(1) You shall faithfully observe all the Instruction that I enjoin upon you today, that you may thrive and increase and be able to possess the land that יהוה promised on oath to your fathers. (2) Remember the long way that your God יהוה has made you travel in the wilderness these past forty years, in order to test you by hardships to learn what was in your hearts: whether you would keep the divine commandments or not. (3) [God] subjected you to the hardship of hunger and then gave you manna to eat, which neither you nor your ancestors had ever known, in order to teach you that a human being does not live on bread alone, but that one may live on anything that יהוה **decrees.** (4) The clothes upon you did not wear out, nor did your feet swell these forty years. (5) **And you took to** heart that your God יהוה disciplines you just as a householder disciplines **his son.** (6) Therefore keep the commandments of your God יהוה: walk in God's ways and show reverence. (7) For your God יהוה is bringing you into a good land, a land with streams and springs and fountains issuing from plain and hill; (8) a land of wheat and barley, of vines, figs, and pomegranates, a land of olive trees and

(א) כַּל־הַמִּצְוָה אֲשֶׁר אַנֹכֵי מִצְוּדֵּ הַיִּוֹם תִּשְׁמְרוּן לַעֲשָׂוֹת לָלֵּעֲן תָּחָיּוֹן וּרְבִיתֵּם וּבַאתֵם וֵיִרִשְׁתֵּם אָת־הַאָּבץ אַשֶּׁר־נִשְׁבַּע יְהֹוָה לַאֲבֹתִיכֵם: (ב) וְזָכַרְתָּ אֶת־כָּל־הַבֶּּרֶךְ אֲשֶׁר הוֹלִיכְךְּ יִהֹוָה אַלהֵיך זָה אַרבָּעִים שָׁנָה בַּמִּדְבֶּר לְּמַּעוֹ עַנְּתִּדְ לְנַפַּתְּדָּ לַדַּעָת אֶת־אֵשֶׁר בַּלְבַבְרֵ הַתִּשְׁמְר מָצִוֹתָו אָם־לִאּ (ג) וַיִּעַנְּךְ וַיַּרְעָבֶּׁדְ וַיַּאַכֵּלְדְּ אָת־הַמַּן אַשֶׁר לא־יַדִּעָתַּ וִלְא יַדִּעָוּן אַבֹתֵיךְ לְמֵעוֹ הוֹדָיעֵה בִּי לְא עַל־הַלֶּחֶם לְבַדּוֹ יִחְיֵה ָהָאָדָּם כֶּי עַל־כָּל־מוֹצָא פִי־יְהוֹוָה יִחְיֶה הָאָדָם. (ד) שִּׂמִלֶּתְדְּ לָא בַלְתַהֹ מֵעַלֵּידְ וְרַגִּלְדָּ לְא בַצֵּקָה זָה אַרְבָּצִים שָׁנָה: (ה) וְיַדַעָהַ עִם־לְּבָבֶּךְ בִּי פַאַשֶּׁר יִיַפֶּר אִישׁ אַת־בָּנוֹ יִהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵיךְ מָיָסְרָדָּ: (ו) וִשְׁמַרִּלָּ אֵת־מִצְוֹת יִהֹוָה אֵלֹהֵיךְ לַלֵכֵת בַּדַרָכֵיו וּלִיִרָאָה אֹתְוֹּ (ז) בָּי יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךְ מָבָיאַךָּ אֵל־אָרָץ טוֹבָה אָרֵץ נַחַלֵּי מַּיִם עַיַנֹתֹ וֹתָהמֹת יצָאֵים בַּבָּקַעָה וּבַהַר: (ח) אֱרֵץ חְטַהֹ יִשְׁעַרָּה וְגֶפֶּן וּתְאֵנָה וִרְמָּוֹן אָרֵץ־זֵית שֶׁמֵן וּדְבַשׁי (ט) אָרֶץ אֲשֶׁר לָא בִמְסְכֵּנִת תַּאכַל־בָּה לָחֶם לָא־תֶחְסַר כָּל בָּה אֶרֶץ אֲיָׁעֵר אֲבָנֵיהָ בַרְזֶּׁל וּמֶהַרָרֶיהָ תַּחִצָּב נִחְשֵׁת. (יֹ) וְאַכַּלְּהָ וְשְׂבֵּעְתַּ וּבֵרַכָתָּ אֵת־יִהֹוָה אֵלֹהֶיךְ עַל־הָאָרֵץ הַטֹּבָה אֲשֶׁר נַתַן־לֶךְ: (יא) הִשָּׁמֵר לִּדְּ פֵּן־תִּשְׁכַּח אֵת־יִהֹוָה אַלהֵיך לְבַלְתִּי שָׁמָר מִצְוֹתֵיוֹ וּמִשְׁפַּטֵיו וְחַקּהִיוֹ אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךָ הַיִּוֹם: (יב) פֵּן־תֹאַכַל וְשַׂבֵּעָתַּ וּבָתִּים טֹבֶים תִּבְנֶה וְיָשֻׁבִתַּ: (יג) וּבְקַרְדֶּ וְצִאנְדְּ יָרַבָּלָן וְכֵסֶרְ וְזָהָב יִרבָּה־לֶּךְ וְכָל אֲשֵׁר־לְּךָּ יִרבֵּהּ (יד) וָרָם לִבָּבֶרְ וִשַּׁכַחִתָּּ אֵת־יִהֹוָה אֵלֹבֶּיךְ הַמּוֹצִיאַדֶּ מֵאָרֵץ מִצְרַיִם מְבֵּית עַבָּדִים: (טו) ַהַמוֹלִיכָךְ בַּמִּדְבֵּר ו הַגַּלְל וָהַנּוֹרָא נַחָשׁ ו שַׂרַף וַעַקּרֶב וִצִּמַאָוֹן אֲשֶׁר אֵין־מֶיִם הַמּוֹצִיא לְדֶּ מַּיִם מְצָּוּר הַחַלָּמִישׁ: (טז) הַמַּאַכָּלְךְּ מָן בַּמִּדְבֶּר אַשֶר לא־יַדְעוּן אַבֹּתִיךָ לְמֵעָן עַנְּתִּדְּ וּלְמַעַן

honey; (9) a land where you may eat food without stint, where you will lack nothing; a land whose rocks are iron and from whose hills you can mine copper. (10) When you have eaten your fill, give thanks to your God יהוה for the good land given to you. (11) Take care lest you forget your God יהוה and fail to keep the divine commandments, rules, and laws which I enjoin upon you today. (12) When you have eaten your fill, and have built fine houses to live in, (13) and your herds and flocks have multiplied, and your silver and gold have increased, and everything you own has prospered, (14) beware lest your heart grow haughty and you forget your God יהוה —who freed you from the land **of Egypt,** the house of bondage; (15) who led you through the great and terrible wilderness with its *seraph* serpents and scorpions, a parched land with no water in it, who brought forth water for you from the flinty rock; (16) who fed you in the wilderness with manna, which your ancestors had never known, in order to test you by hardships only to benefit you in the end— (17) and you say to yourselves, "My own power and the might of my own hand have won this wealth for me." (18) Remember that it is your God יהוה who gives you the power to get wealth, in fulfillment of the covenant made on oath with your fathers, as is still the case.

נְּסֹּעֶּהְ לְהֵיטִבְהָ בְּאַחֲרִיתֶּךְּ (יז) וְאָמַרְהָּ בִּלְבָבֶּךְ כֹּחִי **וְעְצֶם יָדִ**ִּי עֲשָׁה לָי אֶת־הַתַּיִל הַזֵּהּ (יח) וְזֶכַרְתָּ אֶת־יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ **כִּי הוֹא הַנֹּתַן לְדֶּ כְּחַ** לַ**עֲשִוֹת חֵיִל** לְמַעו הָקִים אֶת־בְּרִתוֹ אֲשֶׁר־נִשְׁבַּע לַאֲבֹתֶיךָ כַּיִּוֹם הַזֵּהּ (פּ}

Source 21a-b: Joseph's mouth as source of bread/life

Genesis 41:40

(40) You shall be in charge of my court, and by **your mouth** shall all my people be directed; only with respect to the throne shall I be superior to you."

בראשית מ"א:מ'

(מ) אַתָּהֹ תִּהְיֶה עַל־בֵּיתִּי <mark>וְעַל־פִּיךּ יִשְׁקְ</mark> כָּל־עַמֶּי רַק הַכָּפָא אָגְדַּל מִמֶּךְּ:

Genesis 47:12-13

(12) Joseph sustained his father, and his brothers, and all his father's household with bread, bread into the mouths of each child. (13) Now there was no bread in all the world, for the famine was very severe; both the land of Egypt and the land of Canaan languished because of the famine.

בראשית מ"ז:י"ב-י"ג

(יב) **וַיְכַלְבֶּל יּוֹסֵף** אֶת־אָבִיו וְאֶת־אֶחָּיו וְאֵת פָל־בֵּית אָבֵיו <mark>לֶחֶם לְפָּי</mark> הַטֶּף. (יג) וְלֶחֶם אֵין בְּכָל־הָאָׁרֶץ כִּי־כָבַד הָרָעָב מְאֵד וַתַּׁלַהּ אָרֶץ מִצְרַיִם וְאָרֶץ כְּנַעַן מִפְּנֵי הָרָעָב.

Source 21c: Joseph as bestower of divine/kingly gifts

Genesis 45:11-20

(11) There I will provide for you—for there are yet five years of famine to come—that you and your household and all that is yours may not suffer want.' (12) You can see for yourselves, and my brother Benjamin for himself, that it is indeed my mouth that is speaking to you. (13) And you must tell my father everything about my high station in Egypt and all that you have seen; and bring my father here with all speed." (14) With that he embraced his brother Benjamin around the neck and

בראשית מ"ה:י"א-כ'

(יא) וְכִלְכַּלְתִּי אִתְּדְּ שָׁם כִּי־עֶוֹד חָמֵשׁ שָׁנִים רָצֶב פֶּן־תִּנְרֶשׁ אַתָּה וּבִיתְדּ וְכָל־אֲשֶׁר־לֶּךְּ (יב) וְהַנָּה צֵינִיכֶם רֹאוֹת וְצִינֵי אָתִי בִנְיָמִין כִּי־פָּי אָת־כָּל־כְּבוֹדִי בְּמִצְרִים וְאָת כָּל־אֲשֶׁר רְאִיתֵם יַמְקַרְתָּם וְהוֹרַדְתָּם אֶת־אָבָי הֵנָהּ (יד) וַיִּפֶּל עַל־צַוְאַרִיו (טו) וַיְנַשֵּׁק לְכָל־אָחָיו וַיֵּבְדְ וּבְּנְיִמְן בָּכָה וְאַחָרִי בֵּן דִּבְּרוּ אֶחָיו אִתְּוֹ (טוֹ) וְהַקֵּל נִשְׁמַע בִית פַּרְעֹה לֵאמֹר בָּאוּ אֲחִי יוֹסֵף וַיִּיטַב בְּעִינֵי בְּתְה וּבְעֵינֵי עֲבָדְיוו (יו) וַיָּאמֶר פַּרְעֹה אֶל־יוֹסֵף אֱמָר אֶל־אַחָידְ זְאת עֲשֵׂוּ טַעֲנוּ אֶל־יוֹסֵף וְלְכוּ־בִּאוּ אַרְצַה כְּנַעַן, (יח) וּקְחָוּ

אֶת־אֲבִיכֶם וְאֶת־בָּתֵּיכֶם וּבְּאוּ אֵלֶי וְאֶ**הְּנָה לָכֶּם** אֶת־אֲבִיכֶם וְאֶת־בָּתֵּיכֶם וּבְאוּ אֵלֶי וְאֶ**הְלָב הָאָרֶץ:** (יט) וְאַתָּה צָוַיתָה וֹאת עֲשֵׂוּ קְחוּ־לָכֶם מֵאֶׁרֶץ מִצְרִים עֲגָלוֹת לְטַפְּכֶם וְלִנְשֵׁיכֶם וּנְשָׂאתֶם אֶת־אֲבִיכֶם וּבָאתֶם. (כ) וְעֵינְכֶם אַל־תָּחָס עַל־כַּלֵיכֵם כִּי־טָוֹב כַּל־אֵרֵץ מִצְרָיִם לַבֵּם הוּא: עַל־כַּלִיכֵם כִּי־טָוֹב כַּל־אֵרֵץ מִצְרָיִם לַבֵּם הוּא:

wept, and Benjamin wept on his neck. (15) He kissed all his brothers and wept upon them; only then were his brothers able to talk to him. (16) The news reached Pharaoh's palace: "Joseph's brothers have come." Pharaoh and his courtiers were pleased. (17) And Pharaoh said to Joseph, "Say to your brothers, 'Do as follows: load up your beasts and go at once to the land of Canaan. (18) Take your father and your households and come to me; I will give you the best of the land of Egypt and you shall live off the fat of the land.' (19) And you are bidden [to add], 'Do as follows: take from the land of Egypt wagons for your children and your wives, and bring your father here. (20) And never mind your belongings, for the best of all the land of Egypt shall be yours."

Source 22: Where Joseph's regime led-- storehouses and torment

Exodus 1:9-13

(9) And he said to his people, "Look, the Israelite people are much too numerous for us. (10) Let us deal shrewdly with them, so that they may not increase; otherwise in the event of war they may join our enemies in fighting against us and rise from the ground." (11) So they set taskmasters over them to oppress them with forced labor; and they built garrison cities for Pharaoh: Pithom and Raamses. (12) But the more they were oppressed, the more they increased and spread out, so that the [Egyptians] came to dread the Israelites. (13) The Egyptians ruthlessly imposed upon the Israelites

שמות אי:טי-י"ג

(ט) וַיָּאמֶר אֶל־עַמֶּוֹ הָנֵּה עַם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵׁל רַב וְעָצִוּם מִמֶּנוּיּ (י) הָבָה נְתְחַכְּמָה לֵוֹ פֶּן־יִרְבֶּה וְהָיָּה כִּי־תִקְרֶאנָה מִלְחָמָה וְנוֹסְף גַּם־הוּא עַל־עְּדְּאֵינוּ וְנִלְחַם־בָּנוּ וְעָלָה מִן־הָאָרֶץּי (יא) וַיִּשְׂימוּ עָלִיוֹ שָׁרֵי מִפְּנוּ וְעָלָה מִן־הָאָרֶץִי (יא) וְאֶת־רַעַמְסֵסִי (יב) וְכַאֲשֶׁר יְּעַנְּוּ אֹתוֹ כֵּן יִרְבֶּה וְאֶת־רַעַמְסֵסִי (יב) וְכַאֲשֶׁר יְּעַנְּוּ אֹתוֹ כֵּן יִרְבֶּה וְצֶתְרִים אֶת־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּפֵרֶרִי

Source 23: A New Meaning for Hand of God

Numbers 11:21-23

(21) But Moses said, "The people who are with me number six hundred thousand foot soldiers; yet You say, 'I will give them enough meat to eat for a whole month.' (22) Could enough flocks and herds be slaughtered to suffice them? Or could all the fish of the sea be gathered for them to suffice them?" (23) And הוה answered Moses, "Is there a limit to הוה 's hand? You shall soon see whether what I have said happens to you or not!"

במדבר י"א:כ"א-כ"ג

(כא) וַיּאמֶר משֶׁה שֵׁשׁ־מֵאָוֹת אֶּלֶף רַגְלִּי הָעָּם אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי בְּקּרְבָּוֹ וְאַתָּה אָמַּרְתָּ בָּשָׂר אֶתַּן לְהָם וְאָכְלִּי חָדֶשׁ יָמִיםּ (כב) הֲצְאו וּבָקֶר יִשְׁחֵט לְהָם וּמָצֵא לָהֶם אָם אֶת־כָּל־דְּגִי הַיָּם יֵאָפֵף לָהֶם וּמָצֵא לָהֶם: {פ} (כג) וַיָּאמֶר יְהֹוָה אֶל־מֹשֶׁה הַיַּדְ יְהֹוָה תִּקְצֵּר עַתָּה תִרְאֶה הֵיִקְרְךְּ דְבָּרִי אִם־לִא.

Source 24: Miriam Hinting a Critique?

Exodus 15:20-21

(20) Then Miriam the prophet, Aaron's sister, picked up a hand-drum, and all the women went out after her in dance with hand-drums. (21) And Miriam chanted for them:
Sing to יהוה', for He has triumphed gloriously;
Horse and driver He has hurled into the sea.

שמות ט"ו:כ'-כ"א

(כ) וַתִּקַח מְרְיָּם הַנְּבִיאָּה אֲחָוֹת אַהַרֶּן אֶת־הַתָּרְ בְּיָדֵה וַתִּצֶאן כֵל־הַנָּשִׁים אַחֲלֶיהָ בְּּתְפָּים וּבִמְחֹלְתִּי (כֹא) וַתַּעַן לָהֶם מִרְיָם שִּׁירוּ לִיהֹוָה כִּי־גָאָה גָאָה סִוּס וְרֹכְבֻוֹ רָמָה בַיָּםיּ {ס}

Source 25: They even got wrong the role of God and human hands in war (and against whom)!

Exodus 17:8-16

שמות י"ז:ח'-ט"ז

(8) Amalek came and fought with Israel at Rephidim. (9) Moses said to Joshua, "Pick some troops for us, and go out and do battle with Amalek. Tomorrow I will station myself on the top of the hill, with the rod of God in my **hand**." (10) Joshua did as Moses told him and fought with Amalek, while Moses, Aaron, and Hur went up to the top of the hill. (11) Then, whenever Moses held up his hand, Israel prevailed; but whenever he let down his **hand**, Amalek prevailed. (12) But Moses' hands grew heavy; so they took a stone and put it under him and he sat on it, while Aaron and Hur, one on each side, supported his hands; thus his **hands** remained steady until the sun set. (13) And Joshua overwhelmed the people of Amalek with the sword. (14) Then יהוה said to Moses, "Inscribe this in a document as a reminder, and read it aloud to Joshua: I will utterly blot out the memory of Amalek from under heaven!" (15) And Moses built an altar and named it Adonai-nissi. (16) He said, "It means, 'Hand upon the throne of יהוה !' יהוה will be at war with Amalek throughout the ages."

(ח) וַיַּבָא עַמַלֶק וַיִּלַחֶם עִם־יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרְפִּידָם. (ט) וַיּאמֶר מֹשֵה אֱל־יָהוֹשֶׂעַ בָּחַר־לֵנוּ אֲנַשִּׁים וָצֵא הַלַּחֶם בַּעַמַלֵק מַחַּר אַנכִי נָצֵב עַל־רָאשׁ ָהַגָּבַעַּה וּמַמֶּה הַאֱלֹהָים בִּיַדִיּ (י) וַיַּעַשׁ יִהוֹשָּׁעַ בַּאַשֵּר אַמַר־לוֹ משֶּׁה לְהַלַּחֵם בַּעַמַלֵק וּמשֶׁה אַהַרן וְחוּר עַלְוּ רָאשׁ הַגִּבְעַהּ ּ (יא) וְהַיַּה כַּאֵשֶּׁר יַרִים משה יַדוֹ וְגַבֵּר יִשְׂרָאֵל וְכָאַשֵׁר יַנֵיח יָדוֹ וְגַבַר עַמַלֵקּ. (יב) וְידֵי משֶׁה כְּבַלִּים וְיִקְחוּ־אֱבֵן וַיַּשֵּׁימוּ תַחָתַּיו וַיֵּשֶׁב עַלֵיהַ וָאַהַרֹּן וְחוּר תַּמְכוּ בַיַּדִיו מָזָה אָחַד וּמְזָה אָחַד וַיָּהֵי יַדֵיו אַמוּנַה עַד־בָּא הַשַּׁמֵשׁ: (יג) וַיַּחַלְשׁ יָהוֹשֵׁעַ אֶת־עַמַבֶּק וָאָת־עַמָּוֹ לְפִי־חַרֶב: {פּ} (יד) וַיּאמֶר יְהוַה אַל־משָׁה כָּתָב זָאת זַכַּרוֹן בַּסֶּׁפֵר וְשִׂים בִּאַזְגֵי יָהוֹשֶׁעַ כַּי־מַחָה אָמְחֶה אֶתְדוֹכֶר עַמַלֶּק מְתַּחַת הַשַּׁמַיִם: (טו) וַיָּבֶן משָה מְזָבֵּח וַיִּקְרָא שָׁמְוֹ יָהֹוָה וּ נָּסֶיּ (טז) וַיּאמֵר כֵּי־יָדֹ עַל־כֵּס יַה מַלְחַמֵה לַיהוָה בַּעַמַלֵק מִדְר דִר: {פּ}

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