עמידה: בקשות

?Amidah: What Are We Asking of God

1. Amidah, Siddur

- דעת: אַתָּה חוֹגַן לְאָדָם דַּעַת וּמְלַמֵּד לֶאֲנוֹשׁ בִּינָה: חָגַנוּ מֵאִמְּךְ דֵּעָה בִּינָה וְהַשְּׁכֵּל: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יקוק חוֹגַן הַדָּעַת:
- תשובה: הַשִּׁיבֵנוּ אָבִינוּ לְתוֹרָתָהְ וְקָרְבֵנוּ מַלְבֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדָתָהְ וְהַחַזִיֵרְנוּ בִּתְשׁוּבָה שְׁלֵמָה לְפָּנְיךְ: בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יקוק הַרוֹצֵה בִּתִשׁוּבַה:
 - סליחה: סְלַח לָנוּ אָבִינוּ כִּי חָטָאנוּ מְחַל לָנוּ מַלְבֵּנוּ כִּי פָּשָׁעְנוּ כִּי מוֹחֵל וְסוֹלֵחַ אָתָה: בָּרוּף אַתַּה יקוק חַנּוּן הַמַּרִבֵּה לְסִלְוֹחַ:
- גאולה: רְאֵה בְעָנְיֵנוּ וְרִיבָה רִיבֵנוּ וּגְאָלֵנוּ מְהֵרָה לְמַעַן שְׁמֶךּ כִּי גּוֹאֵל חָזָק אָתָּה: בָּרוּף אַתָּה יקוק גּוֹאֵל יִשְׂרַאֵל:
 - רפואה: רְפָאֵנוּ יקוק וְנַרָפַא הוֹשִׁיצִנוּ וְנַנָּשִׁעָה כִּי תְהַלָּתֵנוּ אָתָה וְהַצְלֵה רְפוּאָה שְׁלֵמָה לְכָל
 מַכּוֹתֵינוּ כִּי אֵל מֻלֶּה רוֹפֵא נָאֵמֶן וְרַחַמֶן אָתָּה: בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יקוק רוֹפֵא חוֹלֵי עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל:
- ברכת השנים: בֶּרֶךְ עָלֵינוּ יקוק אֱלְקִינוּ אֶת־הַשָּׁנָה הַזֹּאת וְאֶת־כָּל־מִינֵי תְבוּאָתָה לְטוֹבָה, וְתֵן
 בימות החמה: [בְּרָכָה/]בימות הגשמים: [טַל וּמְטָר לִבְרָכָה עַל פְּנֵי הָאֲדָמָה וְשַׂבְּעֵנוּ מִטוּבֶךְ
 וֹבֶרֶךְ שָׁנָתֵנוּ כַּשָׁנִים הַטוֹבוֹת: בַּרוּךְ אַתָּה יקוק מְבֶרֶךְ הַשַּׁנִים:
 - קבוץ גלויות: הְקַע בְּשׁוֹפָר גָּדוֹל לְחֵרוּתֵנוּ וְשָׂא נֵס לְקַבֵּץ גָּלֵיוֹתֵינוּ וְקַבְּצְנוּ יַחָד מֵאַרְבַּע
 בַנְפוֹת הַאֲרֵץ: בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יקוק מְקַבֵּץ נִדְחֵי עֲמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל:
- משפט: הָשִׁיכָה שׁוֹפְּטֵינוּ כְּבָרָאשׁוֹנָה וְיוֹעֲצֵינוּ כְּבַהְּחָלָה וְהָסֵר מִמֶּנוּ יָגוֹן וַאֲנָחָה וּמְלוֹךְ עָלֵינוּ אַתָּה יקוק לְבַדְּךְ בְּחֶסֶד וּבְרַחֲמִים וְצַדְּקֵנוּ בַּמִשְׁפָּט: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יקוק מֶלֶךְ אֹהֵב צְדָקָה וּמִשְׁפָּט:
 - ברכת המינים: וְלַמַּלְשִׁינִים אַל מְּהִי תִקְנָה וְכֶל הָרִשְׁעָה בֶּרְגַע תֹאבֵד וְכֶל אֹיָבֶיךּ מְהַרָה
 יִבְּרְתוּ וְהַצַּדִים מְהַרָה תְעַקֵּר וּתְשַׁבֵּר וּתְמַגַּר וְתַכְנִיעַ בִּמְהַרָה בְיָמֵינוּ: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יקוק שוֹבֵר
 אֹיְבִים וּמַכְנִיעַ זֵדִים:
- הצדיקים: עַל־הַצַּדִּיקִים וְעַל־הַחָסִידִים וְעַל־זִקְנֵי עַמְּדְ בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל פְּלֵיטַת סוֹפְּרֵיהֶם
 וְעַל גֵּרִי הַצָּדֶק וְעָלֵינוּ יֶהֱמוּ רַחֲמֶיךְ יקוק אֱלֹקינוּ וְתֵן שֶׂכָר טוֹב לְכָל הַבּוֹטְׂחִים בְּשִׁמְךְ בָּאֱמֶת
 וְשִׁים חַלָּקֵנוּ עַמַּהֶם לְעוֹלַם וְלֹא נֵבוֹשׁ כִּי בִךְ בַּטֻחִנוּ: בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יקוק מִשְׁעַן וּמִבְטַח לַצַּדִּיקִים:
 - בנין ירושלים: וְלִירוּשָׁלַיִם עִיךְּךְ בְּרַחֲמִים מָשׁוּב וְתִשְׁכּוֹן בְּתוֹכָה כַּאֲשֶׁר דִּבַּּרְתָּ וּבְנֵה אוֹתָה בְּנָרוֹב בְּיָמֵינוּ בִּנְיַן עוֹלָם וְכִפַּא דָוִד מְהַרָה לְתוֹכָה תָּכִין: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יקוק בּוֹנֵה יְרוּשָׁלָיִם:
 - מלכות בית דוד: אֶת־צֶמַח דָּוִד עַבְיְּדְ מְהַרָה תַצְמִיחַ וְקַרְנוֹ תַּרוּם בִּישׁוּעָתֶךְ כִּי לִישׁוּעַתְּךְ
 קוַינוּ כַּל הַיוֹם: בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יקוק מַצִּמִיחַ קַבן יִשׁוּעַה:
- שומע תפילה: שְׁמֵע קוֹלֵנוּ יקוק אֱלֹקינוּ חוּס וְרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְקַבֵּל בְּרַחְמִים וּבְרָצוֹן אֶת־תְּפִלָּתֵנוּ כִּי אֵלְ שׁוֹמֵעַ תְּפִלֹּת וְתַחֲנוּנִים אָתָה וּמִלְּפָנֵיךְ מַלְכֵּנוּ רֵיקָם אַל־תְּשִׁיבֵנוּ כִּי אַתָּה שׁוֹמֵעַ תְּפִלַּת עַכְּלֵבוּ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרַחֲמִים: בַּרוּךְ אָתָה יקוק שׁוֹמֵעַ תִּפְלַה:
 עַמְּךְ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרַחֲמִים: בַּרוּךְ אָתַה יקוק שׁוֹמֵעַ תִּפְלַה:
- עבודה: רְצֵה יקוק אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל וּבִתְפִלְּתָם וְהָשֵׁב אֶת הָעֲבוֹדָה לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶדְּ וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן הָמִיד עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ: וְתָחֲזִינָה עֵינִינוּ יִשְׂרָאֵל וּתְפִּלְתָם בְּאַהָבָה תְקַבֵּל בְּרָצוֹן וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן הָּמִיד עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ: וְתָחֲזִינָה עֵינִינוּ בְּשׁרּבְּך לְציּוֹן בִּרחַמִים: בַּרוּךְ אתַה יקוק המחַזיר שָׁכינַתוֹ לְציּוֹן:
 - Knowledge: You favor people with perception and teach humankind understanding.
 Grant us knowledge, understanding and intellect from You. Blessed are You, Hashem,
 Grantor of perception.

- Repentance: Cause us to return, our Father, to Your Torah and bring us near, our King, to Your service; and bring us back in whole-hearted repentance before You. Blessed are You, Hashem, Who desires penitence.
- Forgiveness: Pardon us, our Father, for we have sinned, forgive us, our King, for we have transgressed; for You forgive and pardon. Blessed are You, Hashem, Gracious One, Who pardons abundantly.
- Redemption: Look upon our affliction, and defend our cause: and redeem us speedily for the sake of Your Name; because You are a Mighty Redeemer. Blessed are You, Hashem, Redeemer of Israel.
- **Healing:** Heal us, Hashem, and we will be healed, deliver us and we will be delivered; for You are our praise. Grant a complete healing to all our affliction because You are the Almighty, King, Who is a faithful and merciful Healer. Blessed are You, Hashem, Healer of the sick of His people Israel.
- **Prosperity:** Bless for us, Hashem our God, this year and all the varieties of its produce for good; and bestow [summer:] blessing/[winter:] dew and rain for a blessing upon the face of the earth; satisfy us from Your bounty and bless our year, like the good years. Blessed are You, Hashem, Blesser of the years.
- **Gathering the Exiles:** Sound the great *shofar* for our liberty, and raise a banner to gather our exiles, and gather us together from the four corners of the earth. Blessed are You, Hashem, Gatherer of the dispersed of His people Israel.
- **Justice:** Restore our judges as before and our counsellors as at first. Remove sorrow and sighing from us, and reign over us You, Hashem, alone with kindness and compassion; and make us righteous with justice. Blessed are You, Hashem, King, Lover of righteousness and justice.
- Against Enemies: Let there be no hope for informers and may all wickedness instantly perish; may all the enemies of Your people be swiftly cut off, and may You quickly uproot, crush, rout and subdue the insolent, speedily in our days. Blessed are You, Hashem, Crusher of enemies. and Subduer of the insolent.
- The Righteous: May Your mercy be aroused, Hashem our God, upon the righteous, upon the pious, upon the elders of Your people, Israel, upon the remnant of their scholars, upon the true proselytes and upon us. Grant bountiful reward to all who trust in Your Name in truth; and place our lot among them, and may we never be put to shame, for we have put our trust in You. Blessed are You, Hashem, Support and Trust of the righteous.
- Rebuilding Jerusalem: And return in mercy to Jerusalem, Your city, and dwell therein
 as You have spoken; and rebuild it soon, in our days, as an everlasting structure, and may
 You speedily establish the throne of David therein. Blessed are You, Hashem, Builder of
 Jerusalem.
- **Kingdom of David:** Speedily cause the sprout of David, Your servant, to flourish and exalt his power with Your deliverance. We hope all day for Your deliverance. Blessed are You, Hashem, Who causes the power of salvation to sprout.
- Response to Prayer: Hear our voice, Hashem, our God; spare us and have compassion on us, and accept our prayers compassionately and willingly, for You are Almighty Who hears prayers and supplications; and do not turn us away empty-handed from Your Presence, our King, for You hear the prayers of Your people, Israel, with compassion. Blessed are You, Hashem, Who hears prayers.
- Temple Service: Be pleased, Hashem, our God, with Your people, Israel, and their prayer; and restore the service to the Holy of Holies in Your abode, and the fire-offerings of Israel; and accept their prayer, lovingly and willingly. And may You always find

pleasure with the service of Your people, Israel. And may our eyes behold Your merciful return to Zion. Blessed are You, Hashem, Who returns His Divine Presence to Zion.

2. Avot 2:13

וּכְשֶׁאַתָּה מִתְפַּלֵּל, אַל תַּעַשׁ תִּפָּלֶתְדּ קֶבַע, אֶלֶא רַחֲמִים וְתַחֲנוּנִים לִפְנֵי הַמֶּקוֹם בָּרוּדְ הוּא, שֶׁנֶּאֲמֵר (יואל ב) כִּי חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם הוּא אֵרֶדְּ אַפַּיִם וְרַב חֶסֶד וְנָחָם עַל הָרָעָה.

When you pray, do not make your prayer fixed [keva], rather compassionate pleas and entreaties before the Omnipresent, blessed be He, for it is said: "for He is gracious and compassionate, slow to anger, abounding in kindness, and renouncing punishment" (Joel 2:13).

3. Babylonian Talmud, Brakhot 29b

ַרַבִּי אֶלִיעֶזֶר אוֹמֵר כָּל הָעוֹשֶׂה תְּפָלֶתוֹ קֶבַע וְכוּי: מַאי ״קֶבַע״? אָמֵר רַבִּי יַעֲקֹב בַּר אִידֵי אָמֵר רַבִּי אוֹשַעְיָא: כֹּל שֶׁתְּפִלֶּתוֹ דּוֹמָה עָלָיו כְּמֵשׁוֹי. וְרַבָּנַן אָמְרִי: כָּל מִי שֶׁאֵינוֹ אוֹמְרָה בִּלְשׁוֹן תַּחָנוּנִים. רַבָּה וְרַב יוֹסֵף דְאָמְרִי תַּרְוַיִיהוּ: כֹּל שֶׁאֵינוֹ יָכוֹל לְחַדֵּשׁ בָּה דָּבָר.

Rabbi Eliezer says: "One whose prayer is fixed (*keva*), his prayer is not supplication." What is the meaning of fixed (*keva*)? Rabbi Ya'akov bar Idi said that Rabbi Oshaya said: It means anyone for whom his prayer is like a burden upon him. The Rabbis say: This refers to anyone who does not recite prayer in the language of supplication. Rabba and Rav Yosef both said: It refers to anyone unable to introduce a new element.

4. Rashi on Brakhot 29b

לחדש בה דבר – בבקשתו והיינו לשון קבע כיום כן אתמול כן מחר:

"To introduce a new element" – into his request. And this is the meaning of "fixed" – yesterday is like today is like tomorrow.

5. Rebbe Nahman of Breslov, Likutei Moharan, Part 1, Torah 196

כִּי אָסוּר לָאָדָם לַעֲמֹד עַצְמוֹ עַל שׁוּם דָּבָר, הַיְנוּ שֶׁאָסוּר לְהִתְעַקֵּשׁ בִּתְפָלָתוֹ שֶׁהַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא יַעֲשֶׂה לוֹ דַּוְקָא אֶת בַּקְשָׁתוֹ, כִּי זָה הוּא כְּמוֹ לוֹקַחַ דָּבָר בְּחָזְקָה, בִּגְזֵלָה; רַק צָּרִידְ לְהִתְפַּלֵל וּלְהִתְחַנּּן לִפְנִי הַשֵּׁם יִתְבָּרַךְ – יִתֵּן, וְאִם לָאו – לָאו... וְמָבַע, מִלְשׁוֹן גְּזֵלָה, כְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (משלי כ״ב:כ״ג): וְקָבַע אֶת קֹבְעֵיהֶם נָפֶשׁ. הַיְנָה: שַׁלְשׁוֹן גְּזֵלָה, כְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (משלי כ״ב:כ״ג): וְקָבַע אֶת קֹבְעֵיהֶם נָפֶשׁ. הַיְנִה אוֹ בָּנִים אוֹ שְׁאָר צְרָכִים, אָסוּר לְהִתְעַקֵשׁ וְלַעֲמֹד עַצְמוֹ בִּנְיִם אוֹ שְׁבָרוּ הִוּא אֶת מְפִלְּתוֹ, כִּי זֶה הוּא מְפִלֵּת קָבַע, שֶׁלּוֹקַחַ הַדְּבָר בְּחָזְקָה, בִּתְפִלְתוֹ, רָק יִתְפַלֵּל רַחֲמִים וְתַחֲנוּנִים בַּנַּ"ל:

It is forbidden for a person to be obstinate about anything. That is, in his prayer, it is prohibited to stubbornly insist that the Holy One must fulfill his request. This is like taking something by force, by robbing it. Rather, a person has to pray and beseech God with compassionate pleas and entreaties. If God gives it, He gives it; and if not, not...

"Do not make your prayer *keva*;" the term "*keva*" connotes "stealing," as it is written (Prov. 22:23): "And rob [*kava*] the life of those who rob them." That is, no matter what a person requests, be it livelihood or children or other needs – it is forbidden for him to stubbornly insist

and be obstinate in his prayer, that God must fulfill his prayer. For this is a "keva prayer" – he takes the thing by force, by robbing it. Rather, as explained, he is to pray "compassionate pleas and entreaties."

6. R. Jonathan Sacks, Understanding Jewish Prayer, *The Koren Sacks Siddur*, p. xli

Speaking from personal experience, and from many encounters with people for whom prayer was a lifeline, I know that our prayers are answered: not always in the *way* we expected, not always as quickly as we hoped, but *prayer is never in vain*. Sometimes the answer is, "No."

7. R. Dov Zinger, Prepare My Prayer: Recipes to Awaken the Soul

Often we make requests of God in our prayer.

Sometimes insignificant, sometimes important.

There are times these requests are truly critical,

We want an answer,

Preferably here and now.

In our difficulty, we insist, we pound on the table.

This stubbornness, this strong-armed approach, in the end it will weaken us.

We miss the opportunity buried in the difficulty:

This difficulty is an opening for movement, for closeness, for conversation.

The Holy Blessed One so desires our prayer.

Problems are not something we need only to solve or to make go away.

They offer an opportunity to invite us to move into a softer space.

They are an opportunity to share, to talk.

Stubbornness limits God,

Insisting: "My way or no way."

If we can let go a bit,

The answer to our prayers can come from a place we can't imagine right now.

We can allow the Holy Blessed One to surprise us.

We can speak to God with soft words,

In language of compassion,

Of supplication,

In conversation with Life.

8. Irvin D. Yalom, Love's Executioner

Imagine this scene: three to four hundred people, strangers to each other, are told to pair up and ask their partner one single question, "What do you want?" over and over again.

Could anything be simpler? One innocent question and its answer. And yet, time after time, I have seen this group exercise evoke unexpectedly powerful feelings. Often, within minutes, the room rocks with emotion. Men and women—and these are by no means desperate or needy but successful, well-functioning, well-dressed people who glitter as they walk—are stirred to their depths. They call out to those who are forever lost—dead or absent parents, spouses, children, friends: "I want to see you again." "I want your love." "I want to know you're proud of me." "I want you to know I love you and how sorry I am I never told you." "I want you back—I am so lonely." "I want the childhood I never had." "I want to be healthy—to be young again. I want to be loved, to be respected. I want my life to mean something. I want to accomplish something. I want to matter, to be important, to be remembered."

So much wanting. So much longing. And so much pain, so close to the surface, only minutes deep.

9. R. Dov Zinger, Prepare My Prayer: Recipes to Awaken the Soul

So what do you want today?

A person is defined not only by action

But first and foremost by desire.

It's as if prayer is telling me:

Be impractical.

Every one of us walks about the world with desires hidden deep within,

Desires awaiting prayer.

Prayer is an opportunity

To sojourn in the realm of desires

Without forcing them

Without seeking the means to pull them down into the world of action

Simply to be in the world of expressing desires.

10. R. Jonathan Sacks, Letter 13: Prayer, in Letters to the Next Generation 2

Prayer is the education of desire. Take the weekday *Amidah* as an example: It teaches us to seek knowledge, wisdom and understanding – not just a new car, an exotic holiday or expensive clothes. It teaches us to want to return to God when, as happens so often, we drift in the winds of time, blown this way and that by the pressures of today. It teaches us to seek spiritual healing as well as physical health. It teaches us to seek the best not just for ourselves but also for our people and ultimately for all humanity.

11. R. Abraham Joshua Heschel, Man's Quest for God

Prayer may not save us, but prayer makes us worth saving...

Prayer teaches us what to aspire to. So often we do not know what to cling to. Prayer implants in us the ideals we ought to cherish. Redemption, purity of mind and tongue, or willingness to help, may hover as ideas before our mind, but the idea becomes a concern, something to long for, a goal to be reached, when we pray.

12. R. Joseph B. Soloveitchik, Redemption, Prayer, Talmud Torah

Whoever permits his legitimate needs to go unsatisfied will never be sympathetic to the crying needs of others. A human morality based on love and friendship, on sharing in the travail of others, cannot be practiced if the person's own need-awareness is dull, and he does not know what suffering is. Hence Judaism rejected models of existence which deny human need, such as the angelic or the monastic. For Judaism, need-awareness constitutes part of the definition of human existence...

Therefore, prayer in Judaism, unlike the prayer of classical mysticism, is bound up with the human needs, wants, drives and urges, which make man suffer.

13. R. Avraham Weiss, Holistic Prayer, p.27-28

A story is told of a Hasidic rebbe before the establishment of the State of Israel, who – contrary to the sentiments of his community – was a religious Zionist, doing all he could to promote the

Zionist cause by encouraging Jews to go to *Eretz Yisrael*. Some of his disciples were critical: "Doesn't the *Amidah* say that God and God alone will gather in the exiles?" To make this point, they slowly read him parts of the ingathering request: "Sound the great shofar for our liberty... and gather us together from the four corners of the earth."

The rebbe thought for a minute and then replied, "In the *Amida* we seek health, we ask for healing: 'Heal us, Lord, and we shall be healed." Looking at his critics, the rabbi went on, "Even as we ask for God's help, do we totally rely upon Him? Clearly this blessing is not meant to prohibit our seeking out medical advice. Similarly, in the blessing of redemption, when we invoke God's help to redeem Zion, we commit ourselves to actively take part in that process." So too, in all the "request" blessings, as we call out to God for relief, we challenge ourselves to assume responsibility to join in this effort.

14. Chana Friedman Uhlman, Everyone Needs

ַכַּל אדַם צַרִיךְ מִישָׁהוּ לְהָתְפַּלֵּל עֲבוּרוֹ. מישהו להגות שמו בשפתים שָׁל אֱמוּנַה וְתַקוַה וְחַיִּים, לָהחֵיוֹת מישָהוּ אחר. וְכָל אָדָם צָרִיךְ לֵב לְהַנִּיחַ עָלָיו יָדַיִם שָׁל אֱמוּנַה וְשֵׁל בְּרַכָּה, וְכַל אדַם צַרִיךְ זוּלַת, וָצַרִיךְ לַצֵאת וּלְהַכַּנֵס, וּבַעקר לצאת מעצַמוֹ, וַלשָׁכֹּח אֵת עצְמוֹ. וכמה להכנס וכמה להיות - מישהוּ אחר לשעה, ליוֹם, לבַכי. להַיוֹת מישָהוּ אחר. ָּכָּל אַדָם צָרִיךְ לַעֲמד בִּפְנֵי אֱלֹקָיו וְלִצְעק: דַּי, וּמַסְפָּיק, הַנַּח לוֹ, הַנַּח לוֹ, הוּא זַהַב נַדִיר, הוּא אֶבֶן יִקַרַה, הוּא בּן שׁלְּךָ, יַחיד וּמִיחד. ַתָּן לוֹ טוֹב נָרְאֵה וִנָגְלֵה, תו לו גם, תו לו גם, לָהָיוֹת מְסָגַל לְהָתְפַּלֵּל. עזר לו להתפלל עבור מִישֵׁהוּ אַחֵר.

Everyone needs someone to pray for him.

Someone whose lips will utter his name
In faith and hope and life, to revive someone
Else and everyone needs a heart on which to place hands
In faith and blessing, and everyone needs someone else
And needs to go out and go in and mainly to go beyond

And forget himself and for a bit to go in and for a bit to be Someone else for an hour, for a day, for a cry.

To be someone else.

Everyone needs to stand before his God

And to cry out enough, no more

Let him be, let him be, he's pure gold,

He is a precious gem, he is Your Son,

Your one and only,

Give him good, visible and revealed, give him also,

Give him also, the ability to pray.

Help him pray

For someone else.